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**CHAIRMAN
OF THE SLOVAK NATIONAL COUNCIL**

declares

a full wording of Law no. 253/1998 Coll. on the Reporting of Residence of the Slovak Republic Citizens and on the Register of the Slovak Republic Inhabitants as it is arising from amendments and supplements executed by Law No. 369/1999 Coll., Law No. 441/2001 Coll. (Article V), Law No. 660/2002 Coll. (Article IV and V), Law No. 174/2004 Coll. (Article IV and V), Law No. 215/2004 Coll. (Article X), and Law No. 454/2004 Coll.

LAW

On the Reporting of the Residence of the Slovak Republic Citizens and the Register of the Slovak Republic Inhabitants

<p>The Slovak Republic National Council has agreed on this Law:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">§ 1 Subject matter of the Law</p> <p>The Law governs the rights and duties of the Slovak Republic citizens (hereinafter the "Citizen") when reporting their residence, the rights and duties of communities related to the keeping of records of citizens' residence, establishment of a register of the Slovak Republic inhabitants (hereinafter the "Register"), tasks of the state bodies and communities associated with the Register and the providing of information from the citizens' residence records and from the Register.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">§ 2 Residence</p> <p>(1) The Citizen reports, within the scope enacted by the Law, the place, the beginning, and the end of his/her residence to the community, in Bratislava, the capital of the Slovak Republic, and in Košice he/she reports this information to the town district, and in a military district he/she reports it to a competent authority¹⁾ (hereinafter the "Registration Office")</p> <p>(2) Residence, for the purposes of registration of the citizens' residence, means a permanent residence or a temporary residence.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Permanent residence</p> <p style="text-align: center;">§ 3</p> <p>(1) Permanent residence is the Citizen's residence</p>	<p>usually in a place of his/her permanent residence in the territory of the Slovak Republic. The Citizen has only one permanent residence at the same time.</p> <p>(2) The Citizen has his/her permanent residence only in a building or its part that is marked by a register number²⁾ or register and orientation number²⁾ and is designed for dwelling³⁾, accommodation⁴⁾, ^{4a)} or individual recreation^{4b)} unless the Law stipulates otherwise. An apartment is considered a part of a building.</p> <p>(3) The Citizen's registration for permanent residence does not constitute any right to the building stated in section 2 nor to its owner and it is of a registration nature.</p> <p>(4) Place of the permanent residence of a child at the time of its birth is a place of the permanent residence of its mother.</p> <p>(5) If it is impossible to find out the mother's permanent residence, the child's permanent residence at the time of its birth is the community in which territory the child was born.</p> <p>(6) With regard to a child born in the territory of the Slovak Republic, the beginning of the permanent residence is the day of its birth. With regard to a child born abroad, the beginning of its permanent residence is the day of its registration in the Register Office.</p> <p>(7) Any Citizen is obligated to report his/her permanent residence if he/she is not permanently living abroad; he/she reports information stated in § 11(a) to (c), (e) to (i), and (k). When reporting his/her permanent residence the Citizen can state his/her nationality and academic title.</p>
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¹⁾ § 8, Section 1(a) of Law No. 281/1997 Coll. on Military Districts and a law that amends the Slovak Republic National Council Law No. 222/1996 Coll. on the Organization of Local Self-Government and on amendment and supplement of some laws in the wording of later regulations.

²⁾ § 4 and 5 of the Slovak Republic Ministry of Interior Ordinance No. 31/2003 Coll. that enacts details of the marking of streets and other public places and of the numbering of buildings.

³⁾ § 43b of Law No. 50/1976 Coll. on the Territorial Planning and Construction Order (the Construction Law) in the wording of Law No. 237/2000 Coll.

⁴⁾ § 43c of Law No. 50/1976 Coll. in the wording of Law No. 237/2000 Coll.

^{4a)} § 18 of Law No. 195/1998 Coll. on Social Aid in the wording of later regulations.

^{4b)} § 43c, Section 3 of Law No. 50/1976 Coll. in the wording of Law No. 237/2000 Coll.

<p>(8) When reporting his/her permanent residence the Citizen is obligated to submit</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) a valid ID card or an ID card document^{4c)}; with regard to a child of up to 15 years of age its legal representative submits a birth certificate of the child, b) a valid travel document of the Slovak Republic or a certificate of the Slovak Republic nationality not later than three months, if he/she does not have an ID card or an ID card document, c) a document of ownership or co-ownership of a building or its part under section 2 issued under special legal regulation^{4d)} not older than three months, d) a written confirmation of registration of the Citizen for the permanent residence with verified signature of the owner or all co-owners^{4e)} of the building or its part with information under § 4, section 6(b) and the lessee if the building or its part is rented; this confirmation is not required if <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. there is a registration of the owner or the co-owner, 2. there is a registration of the lessee if he entered into a rent agreement with the owner or all co-owners^{4e)} for indefinite period, 3. there is a registration of husband or dependent child^{4f)} of the owner, co-owner or lessee under sections 1 and 2 or if 4. the owner or co-owner of the building or its part, or the lessee, if the building or its part is rented, confirms with his/her signature on a permanent residence registration card his/her consent with the registration of the Citizen for the permanent residence in front of the Registration Office employee. <p>(9) The social services facilities^{4a)}, in which accommodation is provided for, are obligated to give a written consent with the registration for the permanent residence to citizens who are placed there whole year long.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">§ 4</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) one member of the family or a person living in a household with them can report the permanent residence on behalf of family members or on behalf of other citizens living in the household⁵⁾. (2) Legal representative or a guardian is obligated to report the permanent residence on behalf of the Citizen younger than 15 years and on behalf of the Citizen who is deprived of capability for legal acts or whose capability for legal acts is restricted. (3) On behalf of the Citizen younger than 15 years, where a court ordered an institutional upbringing and who is provided with a care in a social services facilities or in 	<p>in an institutional upbringing facility or in a protection upbringing facility, and on behalf of the Citizen, who is deprived of capability for legal acts or whose capability for legal acts is restricted and who is provided with institutional care in a form of a year-long residence for citizens with a year-long residence in the social services facility it is the head of these facilities who are obligated to report the permanent residence if the legal representative or the guardian did not fulfill his/her duty under section 2.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (4) An authorized representative can report the permanent residence on behalf of the Citizen, who is not able to report his/her permanent residence without extraordinary difficulties. (5) When reporting the permanent residence under sections 1 to 4 the one, who reports the permanent residence, will submit documents stated in § 3, section 8, for citizens whose permanent residence he/she reports. (6) When reporting his/her permanent residence, the Citizen is obligated to <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) fill in and sign the permanent stay registration card, in which he states <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. name, surname and maiden name, 2. date of birth, 3. lace of birth, 4. district of birth, 5. country of birth if the Citizen was born abroad, 6. birth number, 7. address of the new permanent residency within the scope under § 11(e) to (i), 8. address of previous permanent residence within the scope of § 11(e) to (i) if this is not the Citizen under § 5, 9. date and signature, b) to state in the permanent residence registration card the information related to the owner, co-owner of the building or its part or the lessee if the building or its part is rented within the following scope: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. name, surname, birth number, ID card number, and address of permanent residence within the scope of § 11(e) to (i) if this is a physical entity, 2. name, identification number of legal entity and headquarters of legal entity if this is a legal entity, if the consent with the permanent residence was expressed with a signature on the permanent residence registration card by the owner, co-owner of the building or its part or the lessee if the building or its part is rented in front of the Registration Office employee.
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^{4c)} § 14 of the Slovak Republic National Council Law No. 162/1993 Coll. on ID Cards in the wording of later regulations.

^{4d)} § 114 to 118 of the Slovak Republic Office of Geodesy, Cartography, and Cadastre Ordinance No. 79/1996 Coll. that executes the Slovak Republic National Council Law on the Real Estate Cadastre and on Registration of Ownership and Other Rights to the Real Estate (the Cadastre Law).

^{4e)} § 139, Section 1 of the Civil Code in the wording of Law No. 509/1991 Coll.

^{4f)} § 3 of Law No. 600/2003 Coll. on the Allowance for Child and on amendment and supplement to Law No. 461/2003 Coll. on Social Insurance.

⁵⁾ § 115 of the Civil Code.

<p>(7) The one who reports the permanent residence for the Citizen younger than 15 years is obligated to fill in a separate permanent residence registration card on behalf of this Citizen.</p> <p>(8) The Citizen can be reported for the permanent residence only on the day when the terms and conditions under the Law were met and on the permanent residence registration card, which form is determined by the Slovak Republic Ministry of Interior (hereinafter the "Ministry").</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">§ 7</p> <p>(1) The Registration office will cancel the record of the permanent residence</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a) based on the announcement under § 10(d),b) if the Citizen died or was declared dead,c) based on the announcement under § 6, sections 1 and 3,d) if the registration was made on a basis of invalid, falsified, intentionally modified or foreign document,e) at the Citizen's proposal authorized to use the building or its part based on a legitimate court's decision on a restriction or cancellation of the right of use,^{5a)}f) at the owner's proposal or at the proposal of all co-owners^{4e)} of the building or its part under § 3, section 2 to the Citizen who has no right of use to the building or its part; proposal cannot be submitted against the husband and dependent child^{4f)} of the owner, co-owner or lessee under § 3, section 8(d) clause 2,g) if the building ceased to exist. <p>(2) If there is a cancellation of the permanent residence under section 1(d) to (g), the community, in which territory the Citizen's permanent residence was cancelled, is the place of the Citizen's permanent residence. The Registration Office is obligated to inform the Citizen on this fact by putting up a notice on an official board in the community of residence for a period of 15 days. The Registration Office will state in the notice the name, surname, and the date of birth of the Citizen.</p> <p>(3) The community, in charge of the birth register, informs the Registration Offices, competent according to the place of permanent residence, on a birth of a child, wedding, death of the Citizen, and a change of the Citizen's name or surname.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">§ 5</p> <p>The Citizen, who cannot register himself/herself for the permanent residence under § 3 or 4, will register himself/herself for the permanent residence in the Registration Office in the place where he/she stays. In this case, the Citizen submits only the document under § 3, section 8(a), if he/she does not have it, the document under § 3, section 8(b), and only the community of residence is stated as a place of the permanent residence. The community office's headquarters address is an address of this kind of the Citizen for the purposes of delivering documents from the state administration bodies and other state bodies and for the purposes of a record in the list of voters. The community is obligated, in a way usual in the community, especially by a notice on an official board, to inform the registered Citizen on the fact a document was delivered to him/her or a document is to be delivered to him/her.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">§ 6</p> <p>(1) The Citizen, who is about to travel abroad in order to permanently live abroad, is obligated, before leaving, to report the end of the permanent residence in the Registration Office that keeps records on his/her permanent residence; he/she will state in his/her announcement the country and place of residence where he/she is about to travel and the day of the beginning of his/her stay abroad, which simultaneously is the day of the end of the permanent residence.</p> <p>(2) When reporting the end of the permanent residence the Citizen is obligated to fill in and sign the permanent residence registration card, which form is determined by the Ministry.</p> <p>(3) The Citizen with residence abroad who decides to end the permanent residence in the territory of the Slovak Republic can report the end of the residence by means of the Slovak Republic embassy or by means of an authorized representative in the Slovak Republic. The Slovak Republic embassy or the authorized representative will deliver to the Registration Office of residence, which keeps records of the Citizen's permanent residence, a deregistration card with verified signature of the Citizen. The deregistration card will include the country and the place of the present residence abroad. The day of delivery of the abovementioned document to the Registration Office is the day of the end of the permanent residence.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">§ 8</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Temporary residence</p> <p>(1) Temporary residence is the Citizen's stay outside the place of permanent residence where the Citizen stays temporarily, if it is to last for more than 90 days; the temporary residence is also the stay of the Citizen permanently living abroad that is to last for more than 90 days in the territory of the Slovak Republic.</p> <p>(2) The Citizen informs the Registration Office in the place of temporary residence within ten days from accommodation the beginning, place, and time period of the temporary residence; provisions of § 4, section 1 to 8, also apply to the report of the temporary residence and it is required to submit documents under section 3.</p> <p>(3) When reporting the temporary residence the Citizen is obligated to submit a valid ID card and documents under § 3, section 8(c) and (d); the Citizen permanently living abroad submits a valid travel document of the Slovak Republic instead of the ID card.</p>

^{5a)} § 146, Section 2 and § 705(a) of the Civil Code in the wording of Law No. 526/2002 Coll.

<p>(4) When reporting the temporary residence the Citizen states information under § 11(a) to (c), (e) to (i), (l), and (n) on the temporary residence registration card. He/she is obligated to fill in the card and to sign it; the Ministry determines the form of the registration card.</p> <p>(5) Projected period of the temporary residence cannot exceed five years. If the temporary residence lasts even after the projected period ended the Citizen is obligated to report the temporary residence again. If the temporary residence ends before the expiration of the period, for which it was reported, the Citizen is obligated to announce this fact.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">§ 9 The Citizen's residence abroad</p> <p>The Citizen, who has his/her permanent residence in the territory of the Slovak Republic and who is about to travel abroad for a period longer than 90 days, will inform the Registration Office in the place of permanent residence before leaving; he/she will state in the announcement the country and the place of residence and projected period of his/her stay abroad.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">§ 10 Duties of the Registration Office</p> <p>When reporting the Citizen's residence the Registration Office is obligated to</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) verify identification of the person who does the reporting, b) verify completeness and correctness of stipulated information and validity of documents that are necessary for the residence reporting, c) to make a record of the residence reporting in the register of citizens' residence if requirements under § 3, section 8, § 5 or § 8, section 3, or under § 9 are met, d) send the filled in deregistration card to the Registration Office of the Citizen's present permanent residence regarding the end of this permanent residence, if this not apply to the permanent residence of irrevocably adopted child e) immediately make a record, into the register, of information on the residence reporting or to immediately deliver the information on the residence reporting to the district office that will include it into the Register, f) give to the Citizen a residence confirmation. 	<p style="text-align: center;">§ 11 Register of citizens' residence</p> <p>The Registration Office keeps the following information on the citizens' residence:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) name, surname, and maiden name, b) date, place, and district of birth; country of birth if the Citizen was born abroad, c) birth number, d) nationality and academic title if the Citizen reports them, e) district of residence, f) community of residence, g) part of the community, h) street if the community is divided into streets, i) register number and orientation number of the house and the number of apartment, j) type of residence, k) previous permanent residence within the scope under (e) to (i), l) period of the temporary residence, m) with regard to the citizens traveling abroad for more than 90 days, the country, place and projected period of stay, n) with regard to the citizens who do not have permanent residence in the territory of the Slovak Republic, the country and place of residence and information on the permanent residence. <p style="text-align: center;">Register</p> <p style="text-align: center;">§ 12</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) The Register is a part of the state information system,⁶⁾ it includes a set of information on the Slovak Republic citizens based on which it is possible to identify a person, to find out his/her residence and relations to other persons, and also other administrative information defined by the Law. (2) The Register is a source of valid information on the Slovak Republic citizens for the needs of the state bodies, territorial self-government bodies, other legal entities or physical entities. <p style="text-align: center;">§ 13</p> <p>The Register is based on a central registration of the Slovak Republic citizens that is kept by the Ministry.</p>
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⁶⁾ § 2 of the Slovak Republic National Council Law No. 261/1995 Coll. on the State Information System.

<p style="text-align: center;">§ 14</p> <p>The Register includes information on</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">a) citizens with permanent residence in the territory of the Slovak Republic,b) citizens who do not have permanent residence in the territory of the Slovak Republic,c) foreigners reported for a stay in the territory of the Slovak Republic,d) foreigners who were granted asylum in the territory of the Slovak Republic.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">3. personal data of mother:<ol style="list-style-type: none">3a. name,3b. surname,3c. maiden name,3d. birth number,4. personal data of child:<ol style="list-style-type: none">4a. name,4b. surname,4c. maiden name,4d. birth number,d) administrative information on the person:<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. number and series of identification card,2. number and type of travel document, if issued,3. information on the court's decision related to the capability for legal acts,4. information on the court's decision related to the divorce of marriage,5. information on the court's decision related to the announcement that the marriage is invalid,6. information on the court's decision related to the announcement that the Citizen is dead,7. information on the ban of the stay,8. information on the granting of the Slovak Republic nationality.
<p style="text-align: center;">§ 15</p> <p>The Register includes the following information on citizens with permanent residence in the territory of the Slovak Republic:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">a) personal data:<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. name,2. surname,3. academic title,4. maiden name,5. birth number,6. date of birth,7. place of birth,8. district of birth,9. country of birth,10. sex,11. family status,12. nationality,13. date and place of death,b) information on residence:<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. permanent residence (date of reporting, end):<ol style="list-style-type: none">1a. name of district,1b. name of community,1c. name of the part of the community,1d. name of street,1e. orientation number,1f. register number,2. temporary residence (date of reporting, period of stay):<ol style="list-style-type: none">2a. name of district,2b. name of community,2c. name of the part of the community,2d. name of street,2e. orientation number,2f. register number,c) information on relationship to other persons:<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. personal data of husband (wife):<ol style="list-style-type: none">1a. name,1b. surname,1c. maiden name,1d. birth number,2. personal data of farther:<ol style="list-style-type: none">2a. name,2b. surname,2c. maiden name,2d. birth number,	<p style="text-align: center;">§ 16</p> <p>The Register includes the following information on citizens who do not have permanent residence in the territory of the Slovak Republic:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">a) personal data:<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. name,2. surname,3. academic title,4. maiden name,5. birth number,6. date of birth,7. place of birth,8. district of birth,9. country of birth,10. sex,11. family status,12. nationality,13. date and place of death,b) information on the stay:<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. beginning of the stay abroad,2. country of the stay,3. place of the stay,4. information on temporary residence in the territory of the Slovak Republic,5. information on the end of the permanent residence,c) information on relationships to other persons:<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. personal data of husband (wife):<ol style="list-style-type: none">1a. name,1b. surname,1c. maiden name,1d. birth number,

<p>2. personal data of father: 2a. name, 2b. surname, 2c. maiden name, 2d. birth number,</p> <p>3. personal data of mother: 3a. name, 3b. surname, 3c. maiden name, 3d. birth number,</p> <p>4. personal data of child: 4a. name, 4b. surname, 4c. maiden name, 4d. birth name,</p> <p>d) administrative information on the person: 1. number and type of travel document if issued, 2. information on the court's decision related to the capability for legal acts, 3. information on the court's decision related to the divorce of marriage, 4. information on the court's decision related to the announcement that the marriage is invalid, 5. information on the court's decision related to the announcement that the Citizen is dead, 6. information on the ban of the stay, 7. information on the granting of the Slovak Republic nationality</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">§ 19</p> <p>The Police Force Division makes the following records into the Register:</p> <p>a) information on the stay of foreigners and asylum seekers in the territory of the Slovak Republic, b) further information related to its activity if it is a subject matter of records in the Register.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">§ 20</p> <p>(1) The district office immediately takes over and makes records into the Register of information obtained from the state bodies and Registration Offices if they do not have a direct access to the Register and if the information is subject matter of records in the Register.</p> <p>(2) The district office makes records into the Register of information related to its activity if it is a subject matter of records in the Register.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">§ 21</p> <p>The county office makes records into the Register of information on a release from the state division of the Slovak Republic.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">§ 22</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">§ 17</p> <p>The Register includes information on foreigners reported for the residence in the territory of the Slovak Republic and on foreigners who were granted asylum in the territory of the Slovak Republic within the scope stated in a residence document issued under special law.⁷⁾</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">§ 21</p> <p>The county office makes records into the Register of information on a release from the state division of the Slovak Republic.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">§ 22</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">§ 18</p> <p>(1) The Registration Office makes the following records into the Register</p> <p>a) information on the establishment, change of name or cancellation of the street or information on the establishment, change or cancellation of the building number, b) further information related to its activity if it is a subject matter of records in the Register.</p> <p>(2) The Registration Office takes over and makes records into the Register of information obtained from the court related to the capability for legal acts, divorce of marriage, announcement that the marriage is invalid, ban on the stay, and announcement that the Citizen is dead.</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">§ 21</p> <p>The county office makes records into the Register of information on a release from the state division of the Slovak Republic.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">§ 22</p> <p>(1) The Ministry makes the following records into the Register:</p> <p>a) information on the granting of the Slovak Republic nationality, b) information related to the cancellation of the previous permanent residence of irrevocably adopted child, c) information related to the cancellation or the change of the name of community, d) information related to the activity of a special birth register,⁸⁾ e) further information related to its activity if it is a subject matter of records in the Register.</p> <p>(2) The Ministry informs the Registration Office of the present permanent residence of the irrevocably adopted child on the cancellation of this residence; simultaneously, it will inform the Statistical Office of the Slovak Republic on this fact.</p>

⁷⁾ § 46 of Law No. 48/2002 Coll. on the Stay of Foreigners and on amendment and supplement to some laws in the wording of Law No. 606/2003 Coll.

§ 24, section 2 of Law No. 480/2002 Coll. on Asylum and on amendment and supplement to some laws in the wording of Law No. 207/2004 Coll.

⁸⁾ § 23 of the Slovak Republic National Council Law No. 154/1994 Coll. on Birth Registers in the wording of later regulations.

<p style="text-align: center;">§ 22a</p> <p>(1) The state bodies and the Registration Offices are obligated to send information stated in § 18, section 2, and § 20, section 1, to the Registration Office and the district office within three days of the validity of a relevant decision or within three days from the moment of change of information stated in the Register.</p> <p>(2) The state bodies and the Registration Offices are obligated to immediately record information stated in § 18 to 22 into the Register, not later than three days of the validity of a relevant decision or within three days of delivery by the state body or the Registration Office under section 1.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">§ 23</p> <p>(1) The Ministry and the district offices provide the state bodies, communities, and other legal entities, which fulfill the state tasks or execute social insurance and health insurance and retirement security or which fulfill the tasks related to the employment, with information from the Register within the scope of their competency under special regulations.</p> <p>(2) The Ministry, the district office, and communities provide, based on a written application of a legal entity or a physical entity, information on the Citizen's place of residence. The application must include:</p> <p>a) name and surname, birth number, identification card number or a number of other document that demonstrates the identity and a place of permanent residence of the applicant; if this applies to a legal entity the application includes business name, headquarters, and identification number,</p> <p>b) name and surname, or date of birth or birth number of the inhabitant whose residence is required to be reported,</p> <p>c) substantiation of the application.</p> <p>(3) The inhabitant can, based on a written declaration delivered to the Registration Office, ban the provision of information under section 2. The declaration will include a time period to which the ban applies; this time period must not be longer than three years. The Registration Office will inform the district office on the ban to provide information and the district office will make sure that this ban is recorded in the Register.</p> <p>(4) There will be a record of the providing of information under section 2 in the Register or in the register of citizens' residence.</p> <p>(5) The body, which provided information on the inhabitant's residence under section 2, is obligated, at the</p>	<p>inhabitant's request, to provide him/her with information as to whom and for what purpose was the information on him/her provided.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Common provisions</p> <p style="text-align: center;">§ 24</p> <p>Physical entities and legal entities, which render services based on a Contract of Accommodation,⁹⁾ are obligated to keep a book of occupants, which includes name and surname of the occupant, number of his/her identification card or travel document, address of his/her permanent residence, and a period of stay.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">§ 25</p> <p>(1) The Ministry is entitled to record into the register of citizens' residence (§ 11) and into the Register (§ 13) and to take from them the information related to the fulfillment of tasks under special regulations.¹⁰⁾</p> <p>(2) The Slovak Information Service is entitled to record into the registration of citizens' residence (§ 11) and into the Register (§ 13) and to take from them the information necessary to cover up the real identity of a member of the Slovak Information Service, if it is necessary to prepare legalization documents.¹¹⁾ The Ministry and the Slovak Information Service will agree upon details of the procedure related to the recording and taking out the information in a special contract.</p> <p>(3) The National Security Office, the Slovak Information Service, the Military Intelligence, and the Police Force are entitled to take out from the registration of citizens' residence (§ 11) and from the Register (§ 13) the information associated with the execution of security checks under special regulations.^{11a)} The Ministry and the National Security Office will agree upon details of the procedure related to the taking out of the information in a special contract.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">§ 26</p> <p>(1) The Ministry governs the execution of the state administration with regard to the reporting and registration of citizens' residence and the Register. Activity of communities, city districts of Bratislava, the capital of the Slovak Republic, and city districts of Košice related to the reporting and registration of citizens' residence and the Registration is a transferred execution of the state administration.</p> <p>(2) General regulations about administrative proceedings¹²⁾ do not apply to the procedure of the state bodies, communities, other legal entities and physical entities and to their acts carried out under the Law.</p>
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⁹⁾ § 754 to 759 of the Civil Code.

¹⁰⁾ For instance the Criminal Procedure Code, the Slovak Republic National Council Law No. 46/1993 Coll. on the Slovak Information Service in the wording of the Slovak Republic National Council Law No. 72/1995 Coll., the Slovak Republic National Council Law No. 171/1993 Coll. on the Police Force in the wording of later regulations, the Slovak Republic National Council Law No. 198/1994 Coll. on Military Intelligence.

¹¹⁾ § 11, section 1(b), and section 3 of the Slovak Republic National Council Law No. 46/1993 Coll.

^{11a)} Law No. 215/2004 Coll. on the Protection of Secret Facts and on amendment and supplement to some laws.

¹²⁾ Law No. 71/1967 Coll. on the Administrative Proceedings (the Administrative Order) in the wording of later regulations.

<p>(3) The Law does not affect provisions of legal regulations about the personal data protection.¹³⁾</p> <p style="text-align: center;">§ 26a</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Measures against inactivity</p> <p>If the Registration Office or the social services facility do not fulfill their duties under § 3, section 9, § 7, section 1, or § 10, the district office, in which territory there is the Registration Office or the social services facility, will provide for the fulfillment of the abovementioned duties.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">§ 27</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Temporary provisions</p> <p>(1) The reporting of a place, beginning or end of citizens' permanent residence or the reporting of a place, beginning and projected period of temporary residence executed under the present regulations is considered a reporting under the Law.</p> <p>(2) The rights and duties arising from the government-employment relations of government employees, who as of the day of effectiveness of the Law carried out activities related to the reporting and registration of citizens' residence at relevant Police Force Divisions, are transferred, as of the effective date of the Law, to the county offices, in which territorial area the Police Force Divisions had their headquarters.</p> <p>(3) The rights and duties arising from financial, property, and other relations, originated from the competency of the Police Force Divisions related to the reporting of the citizens' residence and registration of citizens' residence, are transferred, as of the effective date of the Law, to the county offices, in which territorial area the Police Force Divisions had their headquarters. Also, the administration of tangible assets, which served for the execution of the abovementioned competency of the Police Force Divisions, is transferred to the county offices as of the effective date of the Law.</p> <p>(4) The rights and duties arising from financial, property, and other relations, originated from the competency of the Police Force Divisions in Bratislava related to the reporting of citizens' residence and registration of citizens' residence in the territory of Bratislava, the capital of the Slovak Republic, are transferred, as of the effective date of the Law, to the city districts in Bratislava, the capital of the Slovak Republic. Also, the tangible assets, which served to execute the abovementioned competency of the Police Force Divisions in Bratislava, is transferred from the ownership of the Slovak Republic to the property of Bratislava, the capital of the Slovak Republic and the administration of the city districts in Bratislava, the capital of the Slovak Republic, as of the effective date of the Law.</p>	<p>(5) With regard to the transfer of the rights and duties arising from financial, property, and other relations, with regard to the transfer of administration of tangible assets, and with regard to the transfer of tangible assets from the ownership of the Slovak Republic in administration of the Police Force Divisions into administration of county offices, in administration of the Police Force Divisions in Bratislava into the property of Bratislava, the capital of the Slovak Republic, administration of the city districts in Bratislava, the capital of the Slovak Republic, the Police Force Divisions, county offices, and the city districts in Bratislava, the capital of the Slovak Republic, are obligated to prepare, not later than 1 October 2004, prepare protocols of the handover and takeover of the rights and duties arising from financial, property, and other relations, the transfer of tangible assets, and the transfer of ownership of tangible assets.</p> <p>(6) The Police Force Divisions are obligated, not later than 1 October 2004, to hand over the documentation that is necessary to report citizens' residence and to register citizens' residence to the county offices or the city districts in Bratislava, the capital of the Slovak Republic.</p> <p>(7) The Police Force Divisions in Bratislava, which kept a manual records of citizens' residence until the Law went into effect, are obligated to further administer the registration and to use it to give information¹⁴⁾ to the state bodies, the city districts in Bratislava, the capital of the Slovak Republic, and physical entities whom the information relate to, and to process applications associated with this registration.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">§ 28</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Canceling provisions</p> <p>The following laws are cancelled:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Law No. 135/1982 Coll. on the Reporting and Registration of Citizens' Residence,2. the Federal Ministry of Interior Ordinance No. 146/1982 Coll. that executes the law on the reporting and registration of citizens' residence. <p style="text-align: center;">§ 29</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Effectiveness</p> <p>The Law goes into effect on 1 October 2004, except § 27, sections 5 and 6 that go into effect on 1 September 2004.</p> <p>Law No. 369/1999 Coll. went into effect on the day of announcement (29 December 1999).</p> <p>Law No. 441/2001 Coll. went into effect on the day of announcement (8 November 2001) except the provision stated in Article V, section 1, which went into effect on 1 July 2003.</p> <p>Law No. 660/2002 Coll. went into effect on the day of announcement (7 December 2002), however, the provision stated in Article V, section 1 of Law No. 441/2001 Coll. was to go into effect on 1 July 2004.</p>
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¹³⁾ Law No. 428/2002 Coll. on the Personal Data Protection in the wording of Law No. 602/2003 Coll.

¹⁴⁾ § 69(d), section 1(a) of the Slovak Republic National Council Law. No. 171/1993 Coll. in the wording of Law No. 490/2001 Coll.

Law No. 174/2004 Coll. went into effect on the day of when a contract of the Slovak Republic Accession to the European Union went into effect (1 May 2004), however, the provision stated in Article V, section 1 of Law No. 441/2001 Coll. was to go into effect on 1 July 2006.	Law No. 215/2004 Coll. went into effect on 1 May 2004. Law No. 454/2004 Coll. went into effect on 1 October 2004 except § 27, sections 5 and 6, in section 19 and section 20 in Article I, which went into effect on 1 September 2004.
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Pavol Hrušovský in his own hand